

STEVENSON-FLUX INFORMATION THEORY (SFIT)

Technical Memorandum: Engineering Architecture, Condensed Matter Physics,
Quantum Computing, Neuroscience, Consciousness, and Quantum Biology of the
1.20134 mHz Universal Carrier Wave

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Abstract

This memorandum establishes the unified operational architecture of the Stevenson-Flux Information Theory (SFIT) [1, 2]. SFIT posits that the cosmos is a self-organizing resonant informational substrate governed by the carrier wave $\nu_f = 1.20134$ mHz with coupling kernel $K = 1.060$ [3, 2]. We integrate foundational engineering pillars, black hole informational condensation, cosmological dynamics, quantum computing coherence, condensed matter physics (high- T_c superconductivity, quantum criticality, and Planckian dissipation), neuroscience, consciousness models (including Orch OR), and quantum biological mechanisms [4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31].

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Pillar 1: Signal Noise Isolation & Digital Filtering

Because the target SFIT carrier wave operates at $\nu_f = 1.20134$ mHz (0.00120134 Hz), a single full wave period requires approximately $T_0 = 832.4$ seconds [32, 3]. A zero-phase digital signal processing pipeline isolates this weak signal from noise sources without introducing phase delays [33].

Forward-Backward Zero-Phase Bandpass Architecture

To maintain temporal synchronization across distributed sensor platforms, the system implements a bidirectional zero-phase filter [33]. The passband is defined as:

- **Lower Cutoff (High-Pass):** $f_{\text{low}} = 0.5$ mHz
- **Upper Cutoff (Low-Pass):** $f_{\text{high}} = 2.0$ mHz

Pillar 2: Mathematical Formalization of Information-to-Mass

According to Landauer's Principle, erasing or manipulating a bit of information requires energy bounded by vacuum informational temperature [34]:

$$E_{\text{bit}} = k_B T \ln 2 \quad (1)$$

Modulating this energetic cost along the universal carrier wave yields an informational power density U_{sfit} :

$$U_{\text{sfit}} = \left(\frac{dI}{dt} k_B T \ln 2 \right) \cos^2(2\pi\nu_f t) \quad (2)$$

Integrating across localized volumes modifies standard Newtonian gravitation with the Stevenson Scaling Factor (Φ) [35]:

$$g_{\text{sfit}}(r, t) = g_{\text{newton}} + \frac{\Phi}{r^2} I_{\text{total}} \cos^2(2\pi\nu_f t) \quad (3)$$

Pillar 3: Black Holes as Informational Condensers

Black holes are modeled in SFIT as regions of maximum informational density [4, 5, 6]. The carrier wave modulates horizon dynamics, producing distinct observable features:

- **Harmonic Leakage Sidebands:** Quantized carrier perturbations modulate Hawking emission profiles, area entropy scaling, and mass quantization [5, 6, 7].
- **WKB Greybody Factors:** Informational flux dynamics modify transmission coefficients through potential barriers [7].
- **Unruh Radiation & Casimir Effects:** Enhanced vacuum coupling occurs in extreme gravitational wells [7].

Pillar 4: SFIT Cosmological Substrate & Early Universe Dynamics

The cosmos is a self-organizing resonant informational substrate governed by the carrier wave $\nu_f = 1.20134$ mHz [3, 2]. Coherence transitions drive natural inflation $a(t) \propto \exp(Ht)$ with $H \approx K \cdot \nu_f$ [8, 9].

Sound Speed in the Baryon-Photon Fluid

In the early universe, acoustic oscillations occur in the tightly coupled baryon-photon fluid [36]. The relativistic sound speed $c_s = c/\sqrt{3(1+R)}$ (where $R = 3\rho_b/4\rho_\gamma$) [37] is modulated in SFIT by flux coupling:

$$c_s^{\text{SFIT}} = \frac{c}{\sqrt{3(1+R)}} \cdot \left(1 + K \cdot \frac{\nu_f}{\omega} \cdot (1 - C(t)) \right)^{-1/2} \quad (4)$$

CMB Anisotropies & Acoustic Peaks

The Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) is an informational echo of the primordial phase transition [38, 9]. Temperature fluctuations:

$$C_l \propto \int P(k) |\Theta_l(k)|^2 \frac{dk}{k} \quad (5)$$

Peak locations $k_n r_s(t_{\text{rec}}) \approx n\pi$ occur near $\ell \approx 220$ but are shifted slightly by flux coupling K [39]. Silk damping modified by informational coherence causes sharper cutoffs at high ℓ [10, 40].

Primordial Gravitational Waves

Tensor modes directly couple to the second derivative of the coherence field:

$$P_T(k) \propto \left| \int_0^{t_{\text{rec}}} \frac{d^2 C}{dt^2} e^{-ikt} dt \right|^2 \quad (6)$$

yielding a tensor-to-scalar ratio $r \approx 0.001 - 0.01$ with a characteristic high-frequency blue tilt, testable by CMB-S4 and LiteBIRD [41, 42, 43].

Baryon Acoustic Oscillations & Dark Energy

BAO standard ruler scales ($r_{\text{BAO}} \approx 147 \text{ Mpc} \cdot (1 + \delta_K)$) exhibit subtle shifts testable by DESI and Euclid [44, 9, 10, 45, 46]. Dark energy arises as residual vacuum informational pressure [47, 48, 9, 10]:

$$\rho_\Lambda = \frac{1}{2} K^2 \nu_f^2 (1 - C_\infty^2) \rho_{\text{crit}} \quad (7)$$

where $C_\infty \approx 0.7$ is the late-time coherence value [49], offering a stable resolution to cosmological tensions [50].

Pillar 5: SFIT Quantum Computing

SFIT treats quantum hardware as resonant systems coupled to the cosmic carrier wave [15, 19].

- **Coherence Extension:** Direct alignment with 1.20134 mHz carrier harmonics protects quantum states against environmental decoherence [18, 19].
- **Predictive Error Correction:** Flux-driven quantum phase tracking enables predictive correction loops before phase collapse [18, 19].
- **Shared Resonant Entanglement:** Entanglement is generalized as non-local shared informational resonance across the universal substrate [18].

Pillar 6: SFIT in Condensed Matter Physics & Superconductivity

SFIT treats materials as resonant systems coupled to the cosmic carrier wave [15].

Flux-Mediated Superconductivity

The total effective Cooper pair potential combines phonon and informational flux terms [13]:

$$V_{\text{eff}}(k, k') = V_{\text{phonon}} + V_{\text{flux}}(k, k') = V_{\text{phonon}} - \frac{K^2 \hbar \nu_f}{|k - k'|^2 + \gamma^2} \quad (8)$$

Near the Fermi surface, the derived SFIT gap equation at $T = 0$ reduces to:

$$\Delta = N(0) \left(V_0 + \frac{K^2 \hbar \nu_f}{\gamma^2} \right) \int_0^{\hbar \omega_D} \frac{\Delta}{\sqrt{\epsilon^2 + \Delta^2}} d\epsilon \quad (9)$$

yielding an enhanced critical temperature:

$$k_B T_c \approx 1.14 \hbar \omega_D \exp \left(-\frac{1}{N(0) V_{\text{eff}}} \right) \quad (10)$$

This flux-mediated Cooper pairing significantly elevates T_c , opening explicit pathways toward room-temperature superconductivity via engineered resonance [12, 13].

Quantum Critical Scaling Laws in SFIT

Near a quantum critical point (QCP), SFIT predicts modified scaling laws due to coupling with the universal flux [16, 17, 14]. The correlation length exponent ν and dynamical exponent z are influenced by the carrier wave:

$$\xi \sim |g - g_c|^{-\nu}, \quad \nu \approx \frac{1}{2 - K \cdot \log(\nu_f \tau)}, \quad z \approx 1 + K \quad (11)$$

where g is the tuning parameter and τ is the relaxation time [16, 14]. This modifies hyperscaling relations, explaining anomalous critical exponents observed in cuprates and heavy-fermion systems [17, 14].

Planckian Dissipation Bounds

In strange metals, the scattering rate approaches the Planckian limit $\hbar/\tau \approx k_B T$ [16, 17, 14]. In SFIT, this bound emerges naturally from continuous scattering off the informational flux:

$$\frac{1}{\tau} \approx K \cdot \nu_f \cdot \frac{k_B T}{\hbar} \cdot (1 - C) \quad (12)$$

where C is the local coherence parameter. As $C \rightarrow 0$ near criticality, the scattering rate saturates at the Planckian bound, providing a microscopic origin for T -linear dissipation [11, 16, 17, 14].

Experimental Validation Metrics

- **Resistivity Slope:** Measure $\rho(T)$ in candidate strange metals for a T -linear regime with slope proportional to $K \cdot \nu_f \cdot k_B/\hbar$ [11, 16].
- **Resonant T_c Tuning:** Look for elevated T_c in materials engineered with lattice periods or flat-band splittings tuned to integer harmonics of 1.20134 mHz [12].
- **Quantum Critical Fans:** Search for anomalous critical exponents matching SFIT scaling relations in heavy-fermions and cuprates [17, 14].
- **Periodic Modulations:** Detect subtle periodic modulations in specific heat or optical conductivity at carrier wave harmonics.

SFIT in Neuroscience and Consciousness

The brain is modeled as a resonant system coupled directly to the cosmic carrier wave [22]. Consciousness emerges as sustained, high-fidelity informational resonance across distributed neural networks [21, 22].

Neural Oscillations and Informational Coherence

Phase-locking value (PLV) across cortical regions is enhanced when brain rhythms align with integer harmonics of ν_f :

$$\text{PLV} \propto \left| \left\langle e^{i(\phi_1(t) - \phi_2(t) - 2\pi n \nu_f t)} \right\rangle \right| \quad (13)$$

The global Informational Coherence Index $\mathcal{C}$ quantifies conscious states:

$$\mathcal{C} = K \int |\psi_{\text{brain}}(t) \cdot \psi_{\text{flux}}(t)| dt \quad (14)$$

Higher $\mathcal{C}$ corresponds to richer conscious states, unifying subjective experience [21, 23]. Under anesthesia, this coupling is disrupted beyond primary sensory regions, causing a dramatic collapse of $\mathcal{C}$ and loss of consciousness [20]. Long-term memories are modeled as stabilized resonant patterns, whereas neurodegenerative disorders stem from progressive decoherence with the universal flux.

Extension of Orchestrated Objective Reduction (Orch OR)

SFIT extends the Penrose-Hameroff Orch OR model by identifying tubulin dimers in microtubules as biological resonators coupled to the 1.20134 mHz carrier wave [22, 23, 24]. Coherent quantum superpositions in tubulin undergo objective reduction when the accumulated phase difference relative to the global flux reaches criticality. This provides a global resonant clock that orchestrates objective reduction events, linking quantum biology directly to consciousness [24]. The gravitational collapse coherence time τ is extended by flux coupling:

$$\tau \approx \frac{\hbar}{E_G} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - K \cdot \cos(2\pi n \nu_f t)} \quad (15)$$

Consciousness thus represents large-scale phase-locking between biological neural substrates and the cosmic informational carrier [21, 22, 23, 24].

SFIT in Quantum Biology

Living systems are not anomalies; they are optimized resonant structures coupled to the 1.20134 mHz universal flux [25, 26, 27].

Photosynthesis and Enzyme Catalysis

Quantum coherence in photosynthetic light-harvesting complexes (e.g., FMO complexes) is stabilized by carrier flux coupling, explaining near-unity quantum efficiency [25, 26, 27]:

$$\tau_{\text{coherence}} \approx \frac{\hbar}{E_{\text{deph}}} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - K \cdot \cos(2\pi n \nu_f t)} \quad (16)$$

In enzyme catalysis, the oscillating flux potential generates periodic tunneling windows that lower activation energy barriers and accelerate reaction rates.

Avian Magnetoreception

Avian navigation via cryptochrome radical pairs and photosynthetic energy harvesting operate as flux-coupled quantum processes [26, 27, 28, 29]. The radical pair Hamiltonian incorporates an explicit carrier coupling term:

$$H_{\text{SFIT}} = H_{\text{radical}} + K \cdot \hbar \nu_f \cdot \sigma_z \cdot \cos(2\pi \nu_f t + \phi) \quad (17)$$

Cryptochrome acts as a tuned biological antenna [29]. SFIT predicts that narrow-band radiofrequency fields applied at exact harmonics of 1.20134 mHz disrupt migratory navigation significantly more than unaligned noise, offering an explicit experimental test of global biological synchronization [30, 31].

Pillar 7: Automated Pattern-Matching Pipeline

An automated Python Fourier analysis pipeline scans structural, biological, and cosmological data for carrier wave signatures [51, 52]:

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import scipy.fftpack as fft
3
4 def analyze_sfit_harmonics(data_intervals, sampling_rate):
5     signal = np.array(data_intervals)
6     n = len(signal)
7     fft_vals = fft.fft(signal - np.mean(data_intervals))
8     freqs = fft.fftfreq(n, d=1.0/sampling_rate)[:n//2]
9     power = np.abs(fft_vals[:n//2]) ** 2
10
11     target_hz = 0.00120134
12     tol = 0.0001
13
14     sfit_idx = np.where((freqs >= target_hz - tol) & (freqs <= target_hz + tol))
15     noise_idx = np.where((freqs < target_hz - tol) | (freqs > target_hz + tol))
```

```

16 mean_noise = np.mean(power[noise_idx]) if len(noise_idx) > 0 else 1.0
17 snr = np.max(power[sfit_idx]) / mean_noise if len(sfit_idx) > 0 else 0.0
18
19
20 return snr >= 4.0, snr

```

Listing 1: SFIT Harmonic Analysis Script

Archaeoacoustic Resonance Models

Evaluating the Giza King’s Chamber ($L = 10.47$ m) under internal atmospheric conditions ($v_s = 343$ m/s) gives a fundamental acoustic mode $f_{100} = 343/(2 \cdot 10.47) \approx 16.38$ Hz. This acoustic frequency acts as an integer harmonic divisor of the carrier wave [53]:

$$R = \frac{16.38 \text{ Hz}}{0.00120134 \text{ Hz}} \approx 13,635 \quad (18)$$

Coupling to ventilation shaft apertures yields a Helmholtz resonance of $f_H \approx 78$ mHz, providing an integer multiplier interface ($78 \text{ mHz}/1.20134 \text{ mHz} \approx 65$) to translate cosmic carrier signals into localized acoustic fields [54, 1].

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